

THURSDAY, MARCH 25, 1773.

NEW-YORK OR, GENERAL

Containing the freshest ADVICES,

(88)
THE



JOURNAL; THE ADVERTISER.

both FOREIGN and DOMESTIC.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, NEAR THE COFFEE-HOUSE.

ASSIZE of BREAD, published 1st of December 1772.
Flour at 24/ per Cent.

A WHITE Loaf of finest Flour to weigh 1 lb. 6 oz.
for 4 Coppers. Ditto of Do. to weigh 1 lb. 11 oz.
for a Copper.

PRICE CURRENT, in NEW-YORK.

Wheat per Buithel	7/ 6d	Barley per Barrel	55/ 0d
Flour	23/ 6	Peas	5/ 0
Brown Bread	22/ 0	Salt	2/ 3 to 2/ 6
West-India Rum	3/ 9	Bohea Tea	4/ 0
New-England ditto	3/ 6	Chocol. per Box	27/ 0
Muscovado Sugar	52/ 0	Bees Wax	2/ 5
Single refined ditto	1/ 1	Indian Corn per Bush	3/ 9
Molasses	2/ 0	Wood	22 to 35

High-Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and Setting, till

Thursday next.

D's Age.	Water.	High rises	H. M.	sets
Thursday	3	12	54 before	7
Friday	4	12	53	7
Saturday	5	12	51	7
Sunday	6	12	49	7
Monday	7	12	48	7
Tuesday	8	12	47	7
Wednesday	9	12	46	7

Days 12 Hours 12 Min. the 25th.

MAXWELL and WILLIAMS,
FROM BRISTOL,

WHERE they for many years
carried on a large and extensive trade in the SNUFF
and TOBACCO Manufactories.

Have erected in this City, a complete apparatus for carry-
ing on the said business in all its branches.

They have now ready for sale, at their Store, (lately oc-
cupied by Robert and John Murray, in the Fly) all sorts of
best Scotch and Rappes SNUFF, Pipe, Bag, and other
mild smoking TOBACCO.

The Public will find upon trial, the SNUFF manufactured
by them to be equal in Quality, and Flavour, to any imported
from Great-Britain; being made of the best materials, and in
a manner superior to any thing of the kind yet attempted in
this country; and as an encouragement to those who are in-
clined to encourage Manufactures set on foot in AME-
RICA, purpose selling their SNUFF on lower terms than
any can be imported.

N. B. Customers will likewise be served with the above
articles, at their Works, (late Bayard's Sugar-house in Wall-
street) till the first of May next, When their store will be re-
moved from the Fly, to the lower end of Wall-street, oppo-
site to Mr. John Beckman's.

Merchants, and Captains of ships may be supplied with
any quantity for exportation.

They have on hand, from a late importation, the follow-
ing goods, which will be sold on very low terms:

- 3 4, 7-8, and yard wide linen checks,
- Cotton chintzes;
- Women's calamanco shoes,
- Shallons, various colours;
- Scotch check handkerchiefs;
- Fine Bath coatings,
- Second broad-cloths;
- Felt hats,
- Gun and pistol flints,
- Bar lead, and lead shot;
- A handsome saddle with cloth, girth, and plated stirrups;
- A pair of neat brass barrel pistols, silver mounted, with
bearskin holsters.

THOMAS GRESWOLD,
DISTILLER,

TAKES this method to acquaint his friends and custo-
mers, that he has for sale, at the old Distillery, in
pearl-street, near the Battery. A quantity of neat brandy,
geneva, spirits, wine, cherry brandy, and cordials of the
first quality, such as liberty, orange, clove, candy, Dr.
Stevens, anniseed, all fours, &c. Also, Jamaica rum,
West-India and New-York rum, Teneriff wine, &c. &c.
at the most reasonable rates.

N. B. Also to be let or sold, a pleasant country seat, situ-
ated at Hempstead plains. For further particulars en-
quire as above.

To be SOLD and entered on the 1st of May next.
A FARM, pleasantly situated in Newtown, Nassau County,
containing about sixty acres of good land, six of which is wood
land, and five of fresh meadow, with about 20 acres of mowing
ground; the whole nearly adjoining the Hempstead, with a large
and convenient dwelling house, two stories high, having an entry and
four rooms with fire places, on each floor, a good cellar under the
whole house, a convenient kitchen, barn, coach house, and other
out houses, which were formerly occupied by Ralph Izard, Esq.
Likewise another dwelling house, barn and out houses, with about
nine acres of excellent land, which will suit either a tradesman or
merchants; the whole lying in the Town spot. Any person
wishing to purchase the same may apply to the subscriber, who will give
an indisputable title.
SAMUEL RENNITT.

N. B. If not sold, will be let.
Newtown, March 2, 1773.

TO be sold at publick vendue,

on Tuesday the 30th day of March, instant, on the
premises, two good Farms joined together, late the pro-
perty of Johannes Schenk, situate at Landing town, in the
country of Hunterdon, and province of New-Jersey; the
one containing 233 acres, with a good new dwelling house,
large barn, and a very good orchard; the other contains 200
acres, with an old house and a very good orchard; it will
be sold all together, or in two farms as may best suit the
purchaser. If any person should desire to purchase before
the day of sale, they may apply to PETER SCHENK, at
Millstone, Somerset County.
March 1, 1773.

March 1, 1773.

TO BE LET,

And entered upon immediately.

THE Country Seat situ-

ated about five miles from this City,
at present occupied by his Excellency Ge-
neral Gage, it contains about twenty acres
of land under fine improvements, the gar-
den affording in abundance, almost every
vegetable, together with a fine collection of fruit; and the
meadow produces yearly upwards of thirty loads of clover,
besides an improved spot of mowing. The house, kitchen,
barn, and stables in good order; a full prospect down the
east river to Corlear's Hook, from the house; an excellent
landing which admits a boat that will carry eight or ten cords
of wood close to the dock; it is without dispute an elegant
situation.

For particulars, apply to Mrs. PROVOOST, on
Golden-Hill, next door to Benjamin Kidam, Esq.

TO be sold at publick vendue,

at the Sheriff's Office, on Thursday the
1st day of April next, the following real estate
situate in the County of New York, to-wit: A
very pleasant house and lot of ground, situate in the
Town of Westchester, and known as the
lot of the late John Weatherhead, Esq., near
the Dutchess County line; the lot is 74 feet long on each side,
and 25 feet wide, more or less; whereon is a large garden
and grass plot. The indispensable title will be given by
Thomas Warder, living on the premises.

New York, March 17th, 1773.

WHEREAS, William Valentini, Thomas Barry, Da-
niel M'Kenly, Isaac Bratt, John Hiscock, Thomas
Stillwell, and David Still, insolvent debtors, confined in the
gaol of the city and county of New-York, being all named
in a certain act of the Governor, Council, and General As-
sembly, entitled an act for the relief of insolvent debtors
within this colony, with respect to the imprisonment of their
persons; have according to the directions of the said act,
presented their petitions to Benjamin Blagge, and George
Brewerton, Jus. Esquires, two of the Judges of the Mayor's
court for the city of New-York out of which, process against
them hath issued, upon which they are imprisoned, certify-
ing the causes of their imprisonment, and exhibiting such
accounts and inventory, by the said act is required;
which petition, account, and inventory, are lodged with the
clerk of the said court, and filed for the inspection of their
creditors. Now, therefore, the said William Valentini,
Thomas Barry, Daniel M'Kenly, Isaac Bratt, Thomas Still-
well, David Still, and John Hiscock, do hereby in pur-
suance of the said act, certify their creditors, that they in-
tend to apply to the said Benjamin Blagge, and George
Brewerton, Jus. on the sixteenth day of April next, to be
discharged, according to the act aforesaid, and the prayer
of the said petitioners.

WILLIAM VALENTINI,
THOMAS BARRY,
DANIEL M'KENLY,
ISAAC BRATT,
JOHN HISCOCK,
THOMAS STILLWELL,
DAVID STILL,
JOHN MISCOCK.

TO be sold at publick vendue,

on Friday the 1st day of April next, that valuable farm late
the property of THOMAS MOORE, being within half a
mile of the said town, situate in New-York to Albany
road, and known as the lot of the late TRAVIER, and one mile from
Peck's Kill and the river, in a very good neighbourhood of wealthy
farmers. There is on said farm a new house one story
and a half high, black front, four rooms on the first floor,
three of which are neatly finished and papered, a commodi-
ous cellar under the whole house; a barn, garden pailed in,
a fine living spring led by trough through the garden,
and can with very little trouble be conveyed into the house;
there is also a good stream of water running through one end
of the farm, with a good mill thereon, which grinds country
work, and is calculated for two pair of stones; the dam
very easily made with a small expence; the whole in good
fence. The above farm by its situation, and advantages,
is calculated for a gentleman, farmer, tradesman, or mer-
chant. The conditions of sale will be made known at the
day of sale, and a warranted deed given by
JOHN JOHNSTON, and
STEPHEN JOHNSTON.

N. B. If not sold, it will be let for one year.

RICHARD NORRIS,

Stay-maker from London, in Smith-Street, New-York,

next door to JOHN CRUGER's, Esq.

MAKES all sorts of stays, jumps, turned and plain
French hipt, after the newest fashion, and on the
most reasonable terms. Any Ladies uneasy in their
dresses, he likewise fits, without incumbrance; young Ladies
and growing Misses inclined to cast, and riding in their hips
and shoulders. He likewise prevents by methods approved
of by the Society of Stay-makers in London. He has had
the honour of working for several Ladies of distinction, both
in England, and this city, with universal applause. He
engages his work as good as any done in London, for neat-
ness, true fitting, shape and fashion. He returns his sincere
thanks to all his customers, and hopes their good word will
not be wanting to his further promotion. Those Ladies
that reside in the country, by sending their measures may
be supplied, at the shortest notice.

To be SOLD or LET,

(And to be entered upon the 20th of April next)

A Pleasant and well situated farm or plantation, on
Hackinsack River, and over Peck Creek, in the coun-
ty of Bergen, in New-Jersey, now in the possession of Capt.
Isaac Banks, three miles to the fourth ward of the court-
house, and not four miles from Bull's ferry, on Hudson's
river, to which there is a good road, and from whence small
boats daily attend the New-York market. The farm con-
tains 500 acres, by much the greatest part is a valuable mea-
dow; about 80 acres cleared, which produces timothy grass
and clover, and bears good crops of rice, Indian corn, oats,
and other grain; on the other part of the meadow may be
cut two hundred tons of good fresh grass. All the produce
of the farm may be transported to New-York, Hackinsack,
or elsewhere; the boats from Hackinsack daily pass by it.
It affords excellent pasture in the spring and summer seasons,
and is very commodious for raising of cattle. There is on
it a good house, kitchen, and barn; placed so advantage-
ously on an eminence as to command a view of the whole
farm. A ferry over Hackinsack river belongs to this tract
of land, which at present is of the annual value of 60 l. from
one side of the river only, and daily increases; and under
the present situation of the said ferry, and lands adjacent;
the profits from both sides may be appropriated to the use
of the owner of this farm. The whole plantation may be
inclosed with about 100 parcels of fence; several milch cows,
oxen, and young cattle, with farming utensils, are also to
be sold or let with it. If any person is inclined to purchase
or hire, they may apply to and agree with David Ogden, at
Newark, who will give a good title for the same.

Newark, who will give a good title for the same.

VIENNA, December 12.

LETTERS from the Confines of Poland
mention, that the king has invited all the
Polish Nobility, who, the troubles of
their country have forced to leave it, to
come to Warsaw, and that those who are
in Moravia and Austrian Silesia have set out for
that Capital.

We have but little news from Bucharest, and
what the court receives does not transpire. It is,
however, said that the hopes of a speedy conclusion
of peace becomes doubtful, the Turks have raised
difficulties regarding the division of Poland, which
they declare they cannot consent to, as they only
took up arms to protect the republic and preserve
its liberty.

Paris Nov. 5. Yesterday a number of Murder-
ers and felons confined in the Chatelet, taking ad-
vantage of the opening of the door, rushed out vi-
olently, knocked down the guards, seized their
muskets and were upon the point of escaping, when
the neighbours being alarmed, assembled armed, in
5 minutes, before the prison. The villains finding
their passage stopped, fired several shot, as did also
the citizens. The engagement continued a quarter
of an hour, in which time 24 prisoners were killed
and 36 wounded; and of the towns-men 7 killed
and 16 wounded; when a party of the Royal Cor-
sican Regiment arrived, and after a general dis-
charge, which killed 12 more of the rioters, the
rest were secured.

Constantinople, Nov. 14. We learn from Smyr-
na, that 36 Dulcignote vessels chased a Russian
Corfsair, which retired under the cannon of the
island Cerigo, from whence 2 Russian frigates, at
anchor there, went to her assistance, but were
themselves obliged to take refuge under the protec-
tion of the Castle of Zante. These advices add,
that some Russian sailors going on shore for water,
were attacked by the Turks, and very ill used; upon

which the Russian fleet appeared before Chio, and threatened that town with a bombardment, if they did not instantly pay them a considerable sum of money as a reparation of the insult.

Leghorn, Dec. 11. A vessel arrived from Alexandria brings advice that a Russian Squadron, supposed to be that sent to succour Ali Bey, was arrived there, that he had taken Jaffa and Rama, and was near Cairo.

Dantzick, Dec. 17. The Magistrates of this city, after a full deliberation in a general council, returned the following answer to the Prussian Resident, relative to the late requisitions, made on the part of the King his master: That they could by no means enter into any negotiation with him, without permission from the King of Poland their Sovereign; nor would open any commercial treaty contrary to those engagements they were already bound to comply with, and which had been guaranteed by several foreign powers.

To be sold at PUBLIC VENDUE,

At the Merchant's Coffee-House, on Tuesday the first Day of June, The House and Lot of Ground belonging to the Estate of Cornelius C. Phibbs, situated in the little Dock-Street, now tenanted by Mr. Speight, Chymist; also the House in the Rear of the same, tenanted by Mr. Myers, Carpenter, between the Houses and Ground of Col. William Bayard, and Mr. David Provost; breadth about Twenty-three Feet three Inches and an Half, and length about One Hundred and Forty-five Feet. On the Line near Mr. Bayard's, there is a large Parcel of Stone, on which a good Foundation may be laid for any Building that may be desired, and the same on Mr. Provost's Side.

Also to be sold separately, at the same Time and Place, The Water Lot opposite the above; to extend 200 Feet in the East River, from the present Wharf, breadth front and rear about 23 Feet three Inches and an Half.

The Whole Quilt Rent that all the above Estate pays, is Thirty Shillings a Year.

The House of Mr. Speight, is rented a Seventh; and that of Mr. Myers at Thirty: Pounds a Year.

The Title indisputable, and an Executor's Deed will be given to the Purchaser. New-York, March 25, 1773.

L O N D O N.

Dec. 29. It is currently reported, that the Queen of Denmark will shortly set out from Zell for Copenhagen.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, Dec. 21.

"Yesterday the English Ambassador had a conference with the States General relative to the late division of Poland, and the King of Prussia's behaviour with respect to Dantzick, in order to concert how England and Holland may act in conjunction, on those important objects."

A letter from Copenhagen, dated December 12, says: "Nothing but a constant change of scenes is to be observed at our court almost every day. Every body must allow that the conduct of his Majesty, our King, in the course of this year, is very remarkable. In foreign countries he has been publicly spoken of; and here privately deemed a man of no significance in the political world. Yet all this while he has been secretly labouring to get on his side the Chiefs of this nation, till at last he has, in an invisible way, been restored to all his former royal dignity and sovereignty. Her Majesty, the Queen Dowager, as well as her son Prince Frederick, have not appeared at the Court days and drawing rooms for these last three months. All her friends are banished from Court. His Majesty never takes any advice from the board of council, which was appointed for that purpose in January last; but has his unlimited royal will as before. Couriers are almost every week coming and going to and from Hanover; and what is the most remarkable is, that yesterday there was a court day at her Royal Highness's the young Princess, which it is generally supposed was a particular compliment to her royal mother; and this day his Royal Highness the hereditary Prince was at Court. By all circumstances we can clearly see, the greatest harmony at present reigns between our court and that of London, in consequence of which an unfortunate Queen may very soon be restored to her former royal state and dignity."

Dec. 31. They write from Copenhagen, that several Gentlemen of rank, who were last winter banished into Norway, have been recalled, among whom is a near relation of his Majesty's, who was banished by the Queen Dowager's council.

Jan. 4. They advise from Holland, that the Swedish Ambassador at the Hague has caused public notice to be given in all the States' dominions, for all sailors and soldiers in the service of foreign Powers to return home immediately, and that passports have been made out for that purpose.

It is confidently asserted, at the West end of the town, that several of the nobility have obtained permission of a great personage to pay a visit to the Queen of Denmark; and that orders will be given very shortly for fitting out one of the Royal Yachts to convey them to the nearest port to her Majesty's retreat.

They write from Gibraltar, that the Spaniards have lately augmented all the garrisons of the least consequence in the Sreights, and that at Barcelona they have raised an entire new battery of 24 guns, all brass.

A Gentleman at St. Maloes, writing to his friend in London, says: "Here are, to my knowledge, above a hundred Shipwrights employed, and at

Brest, I am told, there are more than treble that number."

It is asserted, that a scheme is on foot to make all the midshipmen on board the King's ships, commission officers.

The Italian lady in the suit of the young Earl of E—g—t just arrived from his travels, is reckoned one of the finest women in Europe, but at the same time has so high a relish for the *Bois Ton*, that her morning slippers cost 71. a pair.

It is said three new Dukedoms are to be created in Ireland, and three Irish Marquises.

The latest accounts from the Continent, mention a misunderstanding likely to take place between the Courts of Petersburg and Stockholm.

We are informed that his Royal Highness the Bishop of Osnaburg, is to set out for Germany early next summer under the protection of the Duke of Grafton, &c.

Since the answer of the Dantzickers to the King of Prussia's Resident, we hear that City has been surrounded by Prussian troops, and the inhabitants are apprehensive the King intends to seize the city by surprise.

January 3. By letters from Morlaix we learn, that his Christian Majesty had ordered a declaration to be registered in the presence of the States of Brittany, previous to their entering into any public business, declaring in form the nullity of such of their future acts or proceedings as might be derogatory of the rights or dignity of the Crown.

Letters from Amsterdam confirm the account of two great houses in that city having stopped payment, the one is *Medieure C—s* and the other *Medieure S—s* and *F—s*. The former we are assured has failed for £700,000 and was the greatest house of business in that country, since the famous *Hopes*. In consequence of this misfortune several other eminent merchants are expected to break every day, and the capital of the united Provinces is in greater confusion than London was on the late failures among the Bankers.

No sooner had the above account reached London, than the whole Exchange was thrown into confusion; so capital a rain must fall very wide, and there is no possibility of determining who may be affected by it.

We hear that a great Personage is so well pleased with his Premier's great ease and dispatch in Parliamentary business, that he has promised him the reversion of the Auditors of the Exchequer, a place worth in time of peace above £10,000 per annum, and in war £14,000.

Jan. 6. The *Earl, Capt. Jackson*, from North-Carolina, arrived at White Haven on Saturday last in a deplorable condition. The corpse of the *Capt. a* was brought on shore, with the mate dangerous ill, two of the hands unable to work, and others quite better. They had two months passage, and very bad weather.

Jan. 12. Letters from Amsterdam mention, that the failure of *Medieure C—s* was chiefly occasioned by an uncommon run upon them from the merchants concerned in the *Hamburg, Dantzick*, and the Russian trade, who have lately met with some very capital losses from the troubles which reign in those parts.

They write from Warsaw, that two very powerful Courts have lately given his Polish Majesty the strongest assurances of their intention to preserve the sovereignty of Poland on the present establishment, and that a protest has been published, signed by the King and all the Polish nobility against the dismemberment in consequence thereof.

Extract of a letter from Berlin, Jan. 2.

"The new acquisitions which the Prussian Monarch has lately gained are likely to prove the most lucrative and happy part of his dominions. Too well skilled in politics to rule the inhabitants in an arbitrary manner, he treats them with all the tenderness and mildness of favourite children. He has provided wholesome regulative laws, eased them (for the present) of many burthenome taxes, bestowed new honours on their nobility and gentry, which he will certainly continue, till a powerful army is introduced, and every town of consequence securely fortified; then those people may probably feel the oppression which now galls the inhabitants of Prussia."

Jan. 20. It was yesterday currently reported on 'Change, that advice had been received by the Hillsborough packet from Boston, that Governor Hutchinson, in order to enforce the maxims of administration, had recourse to the military; and that the House of Representatives, in behalf of the people resolved such a step to be rebellion against their constitutional rights and privileges, and determined to oppose force by force, by ordering out the Militia.

Extract of a letter from Amsterdam, Jan. 15.

"A plan has been proposed to, and approved of, by the Magistrates of this city, to prevent for the future such fatal failures as have happened lately, which are computed to amount to 11 millions of guilders. The scheme proposed is to establish a fund of three millions, from which all persons may be supplied with the sums they want at a moderate

interest, upon proper security. The privileged cashiers of this city exerted their utmost endeavours to render this scheme abortive, but the public good has happily prevailed against all the interest of those mercenary."

Extract of a letter from the Hague, Jan. 15.

"The letters from Dantzick can scarcely express the distraction the inhabitants are in, on account of the behaviour of the King of Prussia. They are in perpetual fear of that Monarch's blocking up or besieging of the city, in order to force them to comply with his terms; and the situation is the more deplorable, because they have no prospect of assistance."

Yesterday was executed at Tyborn, Benjamin Bird, for forging an indorsement on a bill of exchange.

The States General, we hear, with a degree of wisdom that reflects the greatest honour upon their character, no sooner heard of the insolvencies among their subjects, than they assembled to settle the most probable plan for the support of public credit; and directed, that if any further failures were apprehended, the parties should apply to them for assistance, which should certainly be granted, if at all merited at their hands.

Letters from Holland by the last mail mention, that there is such a scarcity of provisions in several parts of that province, that the States have offered a considerable bounty over and above the market price, to be paid to such persons as will supply them with live cattle, wheat, rye, &c. It is further added, that a great number of the poor die daily for want of the common necessaries of life.

A letter from Paris says: "The last letters from Rome mention, the total abolition of the Jesuit's society having been finally resolved on to take place immediately."

A letter from Paris says, that the French Ambassador at the court of Warsaw, has received peremptory orders to return immediately.

Extract of a letter from Copenhagen, Jan. 13.

"The subject which now almost totally employs the attention of this metropolis, is the reconciliation between the King and Queen of Denmark; and it is the real opinion of many people, that it will soon take place, and their ardour withal likewise. This happy event (if it happens) will, we are informed, be owing to the mediation of the King of Great Britain, and two formidable Northern Potentates. Certain it is, that the Queen Dowager, the Prince her son, and all the faction that arose against the unfortunate young Queen, are now in a manner totally banished the court, and the King has lately recovered much from that despondency of mind which he has long given way to."

WILLIAMSBURG, (in Virginia) Feb. 25.

On Tuesday last *Capt. John Lightfoot* arrived in Town from Pittsylvania, having executed the commission he lately went upon to that County, by instructions from the Governor, in apprehending and bringing down, under a strong guard, Benjamin Cooke, Joseph Cooke, James Cooke, Benjamin Woodward, and Peter Medley, informed against by one Short, formerly a Sheriff there, who had been concerned with them in counterfeiting and passing the Treasury notes of this colony, as also in making and circulating several false coins, particularly Dollars, Pistoles, and Half Pistoles. They were taken about two o'clock in the afternoon, at work in their shop; with all their tools for engraving, frames for making paper, a rolling press, dies for Dollars and Half Pistoles, besides a large quantity of Five Pound bills, and a plate for the Forty Shilling bills. Upon their arrival they were immediately carried to the Palace, and examined by the Hon. Peyton Randolph, Esq; in presence of his Excellency the Governor, the Attorney General, and other Gentlemen, who thought proper to order them all to be committed to the public gaol, except James Cooke, nothing criminal appearing against him; and next Tuesday, they will be carried down to York, for a further examination.

We hear of several others being committed to different county gaols, upon suspicion of being concerned in the same crime; and Gideon Rucker, and Shem Cooke, of Pittsylvania, John Hightower, and William Hightower, of Lunenburg, are sed, for the apprehending of whom the Governor has been pleased to issue his proclamation, offering a reward of Fifty Pounds for each.

It is hoped that a nest of the same pernicious crew to Society, in the province of North-Carolina, are by this time apprehended, an express having been sent to the Governor there, acquainting him of sundry persons informed against; and thus a stop be put to the schemes and machinations of a gang of villains, who would aggrandize themselves upon the ruins of the public.

NEW LONDON, March 22

Extract of letter from Col. David Paterson, to the Printer of the New London Gazette, dated, Cape Nicholas Mole, Jan. 31.

"Please to insert in your paper, that we arrived at Turk's Island in 18 days from New York, and had a good passage of about 36 hours from thence to this place, being well and in high spirits. We shall leave this place to-morrow night, and intend to touch at

Jamaica; where we shall make us with all speed. A new Schooner, Phillips, master and owner, ran is totally lost, but the cargo partly saved."

NEW-YORK

On Monday the 31st Instant, the Governor, in the Presence of a great Assembly of this Province, the following 43 Acts passed: Titles of the Acts are as follow: An Act for making a fur for furnishing his Majesty's this Colony, with Necessaries, nuary next.

An Act for the Payment several Officers of this Colony therein mentioned.

An Act to lay a Duty on quors in this Colony, and any arising therefrom.

An Act to remedy the Evil to from the great Quantity introduced into it.

An Act for the Amendment better Advancement of Justice

An Act for punishing Receivers of Stolen Goods.

An Act for giving Relief

An Act to appoint Commissioners of Jurisdiction, in the Province of the Massachusetts.

An Act to amend an Act firm certain ancient Convey Manner of proving Deeds.

An Act to regulate the for other Purposes therein.

An Act to revive an Act strain Hawkers and Pedlars selling without Licence; v

An Act for the Settlement

An Act to regulate the puty Sheriff, within th

An Act to oblige Collect Security for the faithful

pective Offices.

An Act to prevent the Fire Arms within this

An Act to ascertain the Fish shall be sold within th

An Act to prevent the Vendue, Auction or Outcry

An Act to prevent Fraud

An Act to regulate the City and County of New

An Act for the Relief of Albany.

An Act to revive an Act vent the Destruction of D Beagles, in the Counties

Orange.

An Act for the better Repair, the common, publ in the County of Orange.

An Act for the more and Providing for the Def the County of Westchester.

An Act for the better Repair, the Roads in the Westchester, and to levy pence thereof.

An Act to amend an Act better clearing, mending public High Roads, and

Ulster.

An Act for the better keeping in Repair, common in Richmond County.

An Act to run out the the Counties of Albany, and also the Lines of the several Counties of Albany and Tryon.

An Act to extend an laying out, regulating a common and public High Cumberland to the County

An Act to extend an vent Damages by Swine in Counties of Tryon and Cam

An Act to amend an Act regulating Inns and Taverns berland, and to extend th Gloucester.

An Act for fixing the All natives of the Counties of

An Act for raising the the County of Cumberland, Court-House and Gaol alr County.

An Act to change the Na in the County of Tryon, of others in the County of

An Act for establishing a the County of Tryon.

An Act respecting Fairs in Cumberland and Tryon.

An Act to revive an Act, Point Inspectors of Flour

James; where we shall make no tarry, but proceed to Pensacola with all speed. A new Schooner from Virginia, one James Phillips, master and owner, ran on a rock off Turks Island, and is totally lost, but the cargo partly saved.

NEW-YORK, MARCH 25.

On Monday the 24th Instant, his Excellency the Governor, in the Presence of the Council and the General Assembly of this Province, gave his Assent to the following 43 Acts passed this Session. The Titles of the Acts are as follow, viz.

An Act for making a further Provision of 10000l. for furnishing his Majesty's Troops quartered in this Colony, with Necessaries to the first Day of January next.

An Act for the Payment of the Salaries of the several Officers of this Colony, and other Purposes therein mentioned.

An Act to lay a Duty of Excise on Strong Liquors in this Colony, and to appropriate the Money arising therefrom.

An Act to remedy the Evil this Colony is exposed to from the great Quantities of Counterfeit Money introduced into it.

An Act for the Amendment of the Law, and the better Advancement of Justice.

An Act for punishing Accessories to Felonies and Receivers of Stolen Goods.

An Act for giving Relief on Promissory Notes.

An Act to appoint Commissioners to settle a Line or Lines of Jurisdiction, between this Colony and the Province of the Massachusetts Bay.

An Act to amend an Act, entitled, An Act to confirm certain ancient Conveyances, and directing the Manner of proving Deeds to be recorded.

An Act to regulate the Gauging of Liquors, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

An Act to revive an Act, entitled, An Act to restrain Hawkers and Pedlars within this Colony, from selling without Licence; with an Addition thereto.

An Act for the Settlement and Relief of the Poor.

An Act to regulate the Office of Under or Deputy Sheriff, within this Colony.

An Act to oblige Collectors and Constables to give Security for the faithful Performance of their respective Offices.

An Act to prevent the firing of Guns and other Fire Arms within this Colony.

An Act to ascertain the Size of Casks in which Fish shall be sold within this Colony.

An Act to prevent the Sale of Goods at Night, by Vendue, Auction or Outcry, in the City of New-York.

An Act to prevent Frauds in the Sale of Bread.

An Act to regulate the Sale of Bricks within the City and County of New-York.

An Act for the Relief of the Poor in the County of Albany.

An Act to revive an Act, entitled, An Act to prevent the Destruction of Deer, by Blood Hounds or Beagles, in the Counties of Albany, Ulster and Orange.

An Act for the better laying out and keeping in Repair, the common, public and private Highways, in the County of Orange.

An Act for the more equal Taxation of Estates, and Providing for the Deficiencies in the Taxes of the County of Westchester.

An Act for the better regulating and keeping in Repair, the Roads in the Borough and Town of Westchester, and to levy Money to defray the Expence thereof.

An Act to amend an Act, entitled, An Act for the better clearing, mending and further laying out public High Roads, and others in the County of Ulster.

An Act for the better laying out, regulating and keeping in Repair, common and public Highways in Richmond County.

An Act to run out the Lines of Division, between the Counties of Albany, Tryon and Charlotte, and also the Lines of the several Districts in the said Counties of Albany and Tryon.

An Act to extend an Act, entitled, An Act for laying out, regulating and keeping in Repair, common and public Highways, in the County of Cumberland to the County of Gloucester.

An Act to extend an Act, entitled, An Act to prevent Damages by Swine in Dutchess County, to the Counties of Tryon and Cumberland.

An Act to amend an Act, entitled, An Act for regulating Inns and Taverns in the County of Cumberland, and to extend the same to the County of Gloucester.

An Act for fixing the Allowance to the Representatives of the Counties of Tryon and Cumberland.

An Act for raising the further Sum of 2500l. in the County of Cumberland, towards finishing the Court-House and Gaol already erected in the said County.

An Act to change the Names of certain Districts in the County of Tryon, and to alter the Bounds of others in the County of Albany.

An Act for establishing and regulating Ferries in the County of Tryon.

An Act respecting Fairs in the Counties of Albany, Cumberland and Tryon.

An Act to revive an Act, entitled, An Act to appoint Inspectors of Flour and Repackers of Beef

and Pork, in the several Counties therein mentioned.

An Act to repeal an Act, entitled, An Act to prevent infectious Distempers in the Counties therein mentioned; so far as it relates to the Borough and Town of Westchester, and Manor of Philipshugh.

An Act to ascertain the Place from whence the Mileage Fees of the respective Sheriffs of the several Counties therein named, shall be computed, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

An Act for the better Regulation of the public Inns and Taverns, in the several Counties therein mentioned.

An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors within this Colony.

An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors within this Colony, with respect to the Imprisonment of their Persons.

An Act for Naturalizing the several Persons therein named.

An Act to prevent aged and decrepid Slaves from becoming burthenome within this Colony.

Extract of a Letter from Detroit, dated December 23, 1772.

"This Morning I wrote you that Cornelius Van Slyck, was at St. Joseph's. He is this Moment arrived from thence, and informs us that about the 13th or 14th Inst. 6 Indian Men and 3 Squaws, came to that Place, and caroused with the French and at his House, for some Time; and upon their going off asked him to accompany them as he did the French when they came to his House; but he having some Suspicion that they meant no Good, made an Excuse that he was fatigued; they then tomahawk'd John Mills, and killed Christian Wesceneer, whereupon John Seger, ran up Stairs and left Van Slyck engaged with the Indians; two of which he mortally wounded; and John Seger seeing one of them presenting his Piece at Van Slyck, being smarter than him, fired his Piece, and killed the Indian on the Spot."

Saturday Afternoon Capt. Breen arrived here in 24 Days from St. Martins. The 7th Instant, in Lat. 32, 9. Lon. 74, 19, he spoke with a Bark from Whitehaven for South Carolina.

Capt. Hansen, in 24 Days from St. Thomas's, informs us, That the Sloop Industry, Capt. Green, from this Port, was safe arrived at that Island; and 'twas thought Crops would be very indifferent at that Place this Season.

The Brig Tryon, Capt. Saunders, of this Port, is arrived at South Carolina, from Coracoa.

Thursday last the Schooner Dispatch, Captain Tunis Montanya, arrived here in 38 Days from Madeira, who on his Passage spoke with the following Vessels, viz: Feb. 28, Lat. 24 46, Lon. 52 57, a Ship, Capt. Joseph Berry, belonging to Antigua, 18 Days from South Carolina, bound to the Granades, who had lost his main and fore Masts in a Hurricane; March 7th, Lat. 30 35, Lon. 47, a Brig from Baltimore bound to St. Croix; 8th, Lat. 31 49, Lon. 67, a Ship 8 Days from Virginia bound to Jamaica; 9th, Lat. 33 28, a Sloop, Capt. Robert Priden from Virginia bound to Bermuda; and on the 14th, Lat. 37, a Ship, Capt. Nathaniel Griggs, 13 Days from Cape Nicholas Mole bound to Rhode Island.

Custom-House, New-York, Inward Entries.
Brig Esther, T. Hansen, from St. Thomas; Maria, J. Breen, St. Martins; Sloop Maria, J. Breen, St. Croix; Hannah, J. Wynkoop, Coracoa. Schooner Betty, A. Gurling, North-Carolina. Outward—Snow Providence and Nancy, S. Price, for London; Brig Sally, G. Stewart, St. Michael's; Polly, G. Hunter, St. Vincent. Sloop Maria, J. Breen, St. Vincent. Cleared—Ship Hope, A. Storer, to Dublin. Sloop Swift, J. Burrows, New-Castle, O. Red Joseph, J. Carpenter; Mumbird, T. Cox; and Drift, J. Warner, Rhode-Island; Nancy, J. Fladdy, Virginia; Dutch-Less, S. Webb, Dominica; New-York, J. Palmer, Georgetown; Catherine, A. Ezeren, Coracoa. Schooner Betty, T. Wynkoop, New-Providence.

IRON MONGERY,

TO BE SOLD at THOMAS Wm. MOORE & Company's AUCTION ROOM on Wednesday next,

The Sale to begin at XI o'Clock.

SIX and seven Feet Cross-Cut Saws, 12 and 8 Feet Pit Saws, Hand Saws, Augers from 3 to 12 Inch, Socket Chisels from 3 to 12 Inches, Plain Irons of different Sizes, socket Gouges, 12 and 16 Inch Drawing Knives, Hand Saw Files, Pit and Cro-Cut ditto, Spike Gimblets, square Steel Compasses from 3 to 8 Inches, round Steel do. 7 Inch do. Rule Joints; Kentish Hammer, Sledge and gilt Buttons, &c. &c.

The above articles are of the first quality, and in the best order.

To be sold, at PUBLIC VENDUE,

At the Merchant's Coffee-House, on Thursday next, the first of April, between 12 and 1 o'Clock,

A CONVENIENT Dwelling-House, and the Lease of about 4 Acres of Land, pleasantly situated near the Post Road, about 5 Miles from the City of New-York, at the Sign of the Dove, late the Property of Abraham Rice, deceased.

ALL Persons having any Demands against the Estate of Abraham Rice, lately deceased, are hereby requested to bring in their Accounts properly attested, to the Subscriber, Administrator to said Estate; and those who are anywise indebted, are desired to make speedy Payment:—If any should be so incautious as to pay their Accounts to any other Person, they may depend upon being prosecuted for the same, notwithstanding, by

77, 80.

ROBERT SINCLAIR

Francis Lewis, and Son,

Have for Sale, at their Store, near the Fly-Market;

AN Assortment of Strouds, with 2, 3, 4, and 5 Point Blankets, suitable for the Indian Trade—Also, a Variety of European and India Goods; which they will sell at a very reasonable Rate.

NOTICE is hereby given, to the Governors of King's College, in the City of New-York, That, there is to be a Meeting of the said Governors, at the House of Robert Hull, in the Broad-Way, on Thursday the first Day of April next, at six o'Clock in the Evening.

Dated March 25th, 1773.

LAMBERT MOORE;

TO BE SOLD,

BY the subscribers, the commodious new Still-House, fronting Ferry-Street, lately the property of Benjamin Hildreth, and near the distillery of Edward Burling, with two good stills, one of twelve and the other of four hundred gallons, with worms, worm tubs, cisterns, pumps and gutters, and other implements necessary for carrying on the business of a distillery, all in good repair; likewise a well with plenty of excellent water, and also a cordial house, stable, and mill house with a mill for raising the water with a horse; it being an excellent stand for selling rum or cordials either by wholesale or retail: For further particulars inquire of

77 80

RICHARD SEAMAN, and

JORDAN LAWRENCE

N. B. Said Seaman and Lawrence have for sale a quantity of New York distilled rum, almost equal to that advertised by Mr. S—

MR. HOAR returns his most grateful Acknowledgments to the Ladies and Gentlemen, as well as the Public in general, for the many Favours he has received at their Hands since his residence in this City, and with the greatest Concern finds that the public Character he has appeared in, has laid him open to the Malevolence and dark Assassinations of a few Enemies, who have with some degree of Success propagated many (equally base as false) Reports to his Disadvantage, he being conscious of his own Innocence; takes this public Method of daring his greatest Enemies to step forth, and if in their Power, make good their Assertions, which, if true, will be doing an Act of Justice, that the impartial Public is intitled to.

N. B. He likewise humbly requests, (thro' Humanity, as well as for Justice Sake) that any Gentleman who can give him the Author of any of the base Reports, which have been propagated injurious to his Character, will not conceal the Affair.

WHEREAS James Shaw, an insolvent debtor, confined in the goal of the city and county of New-York, and one of the persons named in a certain act of the Governor, Council, and General Assembly, entitled, "An Act for the relief of insolvent debtors within this colony, with respect to the imprisonment of their persons"; hath according to the directions of the said act, presented a petition to the Hon^{ble} Daniel Horsmanden, and Robert R. Livingston, Esquires, two of the Judges of the Supreme Court of Judicature for the province of New-York; out of which process against him hath been issued, upon which he is imprisoned, certifying the causes of his imprisonment, and exhibiting such account and inventory as by the said act is required; which petition, account, and inventory are lodged with the Clerk of the said Court, and filed for the inspection of his creditors; Now therefore the said James Shaw, doth hereby in pursuance of the said act, notify his creditors, that he intends to apply to the said Daniel Horsmanden, and Robert R. Livingston, Esquires, two of the Judges of the Supreme Court aforesaid, on Thursday the 22d day of April next, to be discharged according to the act aforesaid, and the prayer of his said petition.

JAMES SHAW.

New-York, 24th March, 1773.

77, 80

To be SOLD at private Sale,

THE farm or tract of land formerly belonging to Richard Al-berton, deceased, at Newbury, in Ulster county, on the West side of Hudson's river, containing about 250 acres, the greatest part of which is clean, and a good soil for raising grain, hay, &c. with a sufficient quantity of wood land and meadow, of which there is enough cleared, near the house, to make 25 loads of English hay, and more may be made. There is on the land a large frame dwelling house, which with a small repair may be made very commodious, being 46 Feet by 32, two stories high, a dry cellar under the whole, the windows sashed, &c. also a barn which wants some repairs, and a small orchard. The house is pleasantly situated on the river, up and down which it affords an extensive prospect. With a small expence a wharf may be made before the house, at the landing, which is a public one, and allowed to be very good, both as to the depth of water and an easy ascent from it, and there is a new road laid out to it from Well Hill and the extensive back settlements; so that great quantities of lumber and all kinds of country produce will be brought to it, which will make it an extraordinary place for a merchant or farmer. Any person inclining to purchase, may apply, in New-York, to Peter Clopper, who will give a good title; or, near the Premises, to George Clinton, Esq; or at New Windsor, to Mr. Thomas Palmer, Surveyor; either of whom will treat for the same on reasonable terms.

March 24, 1773.

77 84

EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD,

RUN away last Night from the Subscri-

ber, in Mannington Township, Salem County, West New Jersey, two Men Servants, one of them named JOHN BROWN, 39 or 40 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, middling well set, thin Face which is speckled with Powder, has been a Soldier; had on when he went away, a dark coloured Bear-Skin Jacket, blue Plush Breeches pieced behind with Buck-Skin, an old Felt Hat, blue Stockings, old ribbed leggings over them, old Shoes that have been soled, the little Toe of his right Foot stands up. The other named DAVID SMITH, about 20 Years old, 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, well set, down Look; had on when he went away, a dark Bear-Skin Jacket, a light coloured under ditto, the hind Part of which is of a darker colour, old Leather Breeches patched before, a Half worn Wool Hat, coarse light coloured ribbed Stockings, old Shoes, has a large Scar on the Back of his left Hand, and a Sore on his Leg. Each of them took an Ax, and it is probable they have got employ and are not far off, or if gone off that they have made towards Albany. Whoever takes up and secures said Servants, so that their Master may have them again, shall receive the above Reward, or five Dollars for Brown, and three for Smith, with reasonable Charges, paid by me, JEDIAH ALLEN.

N. B. It is probable they will change their Names.

March 24, 1773.

77 80.

POET'S CORNER.

Four Sterling Lines of good Advice.
—Too plain to please a Critic nice.

Remember, Man! and bear in Mind—
—A faithful Friend is hard to find;
But when you find one that is true,
Change not an old Friend for a New.

The Lawyer's Prayer: A Fragment.

ORDAIN'D to tread the thorny Ground,
Where few, I fear, are faithful found;
Mine be the Confidence void of blame;
The upright Heart the spotless Name;
The Tribute of the Widow's Prayer;
The righted Orphan's grateful Tear;
To Virtue and her Friends, a Friend,
Still may my Voice the weak defend:
Ne'er may my prostituted Tongue
Protect the Oppressor in his Wrong;
Nor wrest the Spirit of the Laws,
To sanctify the Villain's Cause:
Let others, with unsparing Hand,
Scatter their Poison thro' the Land;
In flame Disfention, kinde Strife;
And strew with Ills the Path of Life;
On such, her Gifts let Fortune shower,
Add Wealth to Wealth, and Pow'r to Pow'r;
On me may favouring Heav'n bestow,
That Peace which good Men only know;
The Joy of Joys, by few possess'd,
Th' eternal Sunshine of the Breast:
Pow'r, Fame and Riches I resign,
The Praise of Honesty be mine!
That Friends may weep, the Worthy sigh,
And poor Men bless me when I die.

TO BE SOLD.

THE lease of the place where John Brooks formerly lived, at Inglebergh, fronting the lane or road that leads to Capt. John Leake's seat, on the road to Bloomingdale: It contains 75 acres of land, and rents for 6 l. 10s. and 9d. per ann. There are 33 years of the lease to come from the first of May next. It is in good order, and will suit either for a gentleman's seat or for a gardener, having on it about an acre of choice meadow-ground, which will scarce ever want mowure, and a fine level piece of about three acres, fit for a garden, the rest good for grain or grass, the whole cleared from the small stone, fit for the plow, and has been tilled for several years. Also a small well-built house, with two fire-places, a good dry cellar under it, a small barn, a stone well, with a running spring of exceeding good water, and a number of fruit trees: It is situated the best place of its size of any near it. Likewise two lots of land on the east side of Mulberry-street, being 27 feet in front on said street, 45 feet in the rear, and in length on each side 85 or 90 feet; one of them is a corner lot, has a house with four fire-places in it, and rents for 20 l. per ann. The other has a house with two fire-places, and rents for 24 l. per ann. Any person inclining to purchase the same, may apply to Obadiah Wells, at Fresh-Water; and if not sold at private sale before the 3d day of April, will, on that day, be sold at public vendue, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the merchant's Coffee-House.

TO BE SOLD AT PRIVATE SALE ONLY.

Six or seven lots of about 117 feet in length, more or less and 35 feet front and rear, being all square lots, and lying together in the rear, and adjoining to the land belonging to the Tea-water pump; each lot having the best water in the city, at about 8 or 9 feet deep: There is room sufficient to build a brew-house and still-house, having plenty of water to supply both. The water is equal in goodness and quantity to that at Alderman Lissenard's brewery, which it is said, is valued at 1000 pistoles. There is also for private sale, about 12 lots of ground on the west side of Mulberry-street, being 62 feet front and rear, and 102 feet in length, on which is a dwelling-house, now in the tenure of said Obadiah Wells, containing seven fire-places, with other convenient buildings. Any person inclining to purchase the whole, on payment of a quarter part of the purchase money down, and giving bonds with good security, payable in two or three years with interest, for another quarter, merchant's goods at a moderate price will be taken in payment for the other half. Also for sale, a neat waggon; a large German fire stove; second-hand blacksmith's bellows, anvil, hammer, &c. A large parcel of Spanish brown of the best sort, with other kinds of paints, and glais, &c. and two weaver's looms for sale.

Mr. FIVA's Method of improving his Pupils in the FRENCH LANGUAGE.

WHEREAS the Frequency of

Conversation in the French Language, is greatly conducive to a Knowledge of that Tongue; and an Expedient without which, an Acquaintance with it is scarcely attainable; We whose Names are hereunto subscribed, being fully sensible of the Utility of such Practice, do hereby agree, to unite ourselves into a little Society, for the Purpose of improving ourselves in the French Language; and promise to observe the following Rules:

- 1st. We will each of us pay to Mr. FIVA (our Tutor) four Shillings per Month, for the Use of his Room.
- 2d. We will attend at said Room twice a Week, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, at an Hour after Sunset until ten o'clock in the Evening; and on Failure of Attendance, will pay one Shilling for each Default; Idleness, Business, or being out of Town to be the only valid Excuses.
- 3d. As the Purpose of our Meeting together might be wholly frustrated by the Indulgence of Conversation upon Subjects not connected with the French Language; we do hereby agree not to converse upon any other Matter, but confine ourselves entirely to Subjects relative to the French Language; except only such Conversation as is held in the French Language; and for every Non-Observance of this Rule, we will pay Six Pence.

[Signed by a Number of Gentlemen, his Scholars.]

ROBERT G. LIVINGSTON,

WILL dispose of the following tracts of land very cheap, for ready money; if required, for half thereof bonds will be taken, viz. A fine farm in Airmwell, in the county of Hunterdon, New-Jersey, formerly occupied by Martin Ryerson, containing about 300 acres of choice land, about 30 acres of it fine meadow land, wood land enough sufficient for the farm; a good fash'd house, 4 rooms on a floor; out houses, a good barn, very pleasantly situated on the river Rariton, about 22 miles from Brunswick, about 4 or 5 miles from Messrs. Walter Rutherford and John Stevens, Esqrs, one mile from Thomas Atkinson's mills, about 3 miles from Thomas Lowrey's mills; a well settled county all round it. Inquire of James Hude, Esq, in New-Brunswick. ALSO, two very fine farms in Dutchess county, in Nine Partners, about 22 miles from Poughkeepsie landing, about 5 or 6 miles from David Johnson's, Esq, each a fash'd house two stories, four rooms on a floor, with barns, out-houses, and each a fine young orchard of 200 apple trees, and 20 or 30 acres of fine meadow; wood land sufficient; very well situated for a country store, in the heart of a wheat country; each farm containing about 263 acres, joining each other; both occupied by Messrs. Roswell and Michael Hopkins, two brothers. Inquire of Henry Livingston, Esq, in Poughkeepsie.

A very convenient house, and store-house joining it, now occupied by Mr. Hornfield; and another house joining that now occupied by Mr. Flomman, at the ferry on Long-Island. Also will be sold at public vendue, at the Merchant's Coffee-House, the first day of May next, or at private sale before that time, two lots of land, No. 17 and 31, each about 500 acres; more or less, lying in the county of Albany, near Cherry-Valley, at a place called Conydarage, in a patent of 43,000 granted to David Schuyler, Nicolas Pichard, & Shuyler, James Livingston, John Willet, and others.

WIGGLESWORTH, KENT and Co.

Have just received per the Diana, Captain Wilson, from Liverpool, the American, Harvey, and the Beaver, Depeyster, from Hull, and the last Vessels from London, &c. a large Assortment of Goods, suitable to the Season, which they are determined to sell upon very reasonable Terms, for Cash or short Credit, at their Store the lower end of Wall Street, viz.

SUPERFINE, middling and coarse broad and narrow cloths, of all colours; blue, green and red duffels, plain and mixt Bath and Beaver coatings; Frizes, Imbold's frizes, yellow and white flannels, shalloons, calamares, durans and tamams; black and blue everlastings, denims, drawboys, Queen and figured stuffs, pumelloses, hairbriues, capes, silk camlets, yd. and 1/2 yd. wide and 3/4 cotton and linen checks; 1/2 and yd. wide linen; mens and womens purple and white kid gloves; velvets and velvets; quality, cost and shoe bindings; buttons, twist, coloured and white threads; diaper table cloths, buckram, and a quantity of cheap hofe, and a large assortment of superluxe, middling, coarse, plain, striped, mixt and cross barred camlets, with many other Articles too tedious to enumerate.

Said Wigglesworth, Kent and Company, have a house in England, at Leeds, Yorkshire, where they have a manufactory of woollens, and from thence supply their Store in New-York with such goods, which enables them to sell upon the best and most reasonable terms.

TO BE SOLD.

A TRACT of Land six miles and a half in length, and six miles in breadth, containing twenty-four thousand acres, besides the usual allowance for highways; it is situated about 100 miles nearly north of Albany, a very considerable branch of Hudson's river runs nearly through the middle of the tract; the said branch is from 50 to 60 rods wide, the land is good for about two miles on each side of the same, and a considerable quantity of meadow; the remainder is mostly middling good. If a number of people who intend to make a speedy settlement incline to purchase the said tract, it will be sold at one shilling and six pence New-York money per acre; if the purchasers intend to settle a minister, the proprietor will give one lot of 1000 acres for a parsonage; he will also give one hundred pounds cash to enable the settlers to make roads: No sale will be made of any part of the tract unless 100 thousand acres can be sold, and the purchasers will obligate themselves to settle at least 20 families within two years. The terms offered above will be complied with, on condition that the purchasers apply before the first day of May next. The lands are free from any claim or incumbrance whatever. An indisputable title will be given by the seller, who lives in New-York. Inquire of the Printer for further particulars.

New-York, 1st Feb. 1773.

SCHEME OF A LOTTERY.

For disposing of a House and Lot in Queens, &c. now in the Possession of William Livingston.

The Lottery consists of 1000 tickets, viz.

1. A house and Lot in Queens-street, near

Burling's Slip, New-York, valued by sworn appraisers, at £1000, and now

rents for £70 per ann. and the taxes, £1400 0 0

2. A house and lot of two acres in the town

of Norwich, New-London county, in Connecticut,

3. Prizes of plate, furniture, &c. the highest of which is £200, the lowest £10 0 0

amounting in the whole to 298 10 0

4. Cash prizes, at 30s. each, is 300 0 0

5. 452 Prizes.

1448 Blanks.

3000 Tickets, at 2s. each, is 6000 0 0

A blank deed is already made for the house, and the

adventurers may be assured, that the fortunate number which

shall draw that and the lot of ground, shall be put into pos-

session as soon as the lottery is drawn, which will be in a

short time—when the fortunate numbers will be printed in

hand-bills, and the prizes punctually paid, subject to no de-

duction. WILLIAM ELSWORTH.

Some of the tickets yet remaining unsold, may be had of

Mr. Dine Elsworth, at Powles Hook, where the Lottery is

to be drawn.

WILLIAM WIKOFF,

At his Store the Corner of the Old Slip Market, in Hanover-Square—Has just open'd, a very handsome Assortment of Dry Goods, suitable for the Season, imported in the Earl of Dunmore, Capt. Lawrence, and other late Vessels from Europe—All which he will sell very low for Cash, or short Credit—amongst which are,

BROAD cloth, coatings
Bearskins, frizes and
Duffels, German serges
Half thick and kerseys
Red, white and yellow flannels
Rugs and blankets
Mens and womens worsted hose
Cotton caps and womens worsted mitts
Camblets, cross barr'd stuffs
Calamares, durans
Tamams, shalloons
A beautiful assortment of calicoes and cottons
Ribbons of all kinds
India taffeties and Persians
Mens and womens white and beaver gloves of the best kind
And many more articles, too tedious to insert. He likewise has for sale—Rum—Wine—Geneva—Brandy—Sugar—Melasses—A few barrels best Peas, and best inspected Tobacco.

THE Partnership of BENNETT

and DIXON, Jewellers, Gold Smiths, and Lapidaries, in King-street, near the lower end of Wall-street, being dissolved, all persons having demands on the said partnership, are desired to send in their accounts and receive payment by

BENNETT,

Who requests the continuance of the favours of his Friends and customers, and is the only real maker in this city of Ladies set shoe buckles, ear-rings, earrings, sprigs and hair pins, seals, necklaces, combs, crosses and lockets, sleeve buttons and bracelets, &c. Gentlemen set shoe, knee and stock buckles; seals, broaches, buttons and rings, &c. The above articles done in the neatest and best manner and sold as cheap as in London, wholesale or retail.

N. B. Mourning rings, plain or set with any kind of stone with hair work'd in landscapes, sprigs plates or any device required, with the utmost expedition; likewise cut rubies, sapphires, topaz, amethyst, garnet, crystal, &c. Foils and stones of all sorts for jewellers.

Most money for old gold, silver, and clear crystal.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC,

THAT THE

UNIVERSAL STORE

OF

GERARDUS DUYNCKINCK,

At the Sign of the

LOOKING-GLASS and DRUGGIST POT,

IS removed to the Dwelling-House, next

but one from the corner of the Old Slip, now occupied

by Henry Will, Jeweller, having also replaced the sign of

the LOOKING-GLASS and DRUGGIST POT, from thence

back of his said dwelling-house, in Little Dock-street, be-

tween the widow Duynckinck and Richard Ten Eyck, Baker,

being one and the same store, running back from street to street.

He has imported from London and Bristol, in the last Vessels,

A large Assortment of GOODS,

Such as have not been imported to this city before,

Being a curious assortment of valuable Goods, viz.

Looking-Glasses, Sconces and Dref-

ing-Glasses;

Pictures of all Sizes and Sorts,

Particular capital prints which call for engraving from one

to three hundred guineas.

China and cut white Flint Glafs,

A large and beautiful assortment.

A large Assortment of Drugs,

With every article connected therewith;

And also in those sundry branches, as

PAINTERS and LIMNERS COLOURS,

DYERS and FULLERS COLOURS,

WINDOW GLASS of all Sizes,

With COACH and PLATE GLASS.

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NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the COFFEE-HOUSE;
Where all Sorts of Printing Work is done in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertisements of no more Length than Breadth
are inserted for Five Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after, and larger Advertisements in the same Proportion.

HAGUE, November 16.

THE States General have forbidden the buying and selling of any kind of grain, unless in the open market.

Paris, Nov. 23. By the Treaty just signed with the Tartars of Crimea, they renounce the Government of the Crimean Port, and put themselves under the protection of the Russian Empire, yielding to us the two fortresses of Jenick and Kerfch, with the territories belonging to them. In return, the Empress surrenders to them, the rest of Crimea, with all the places and fortresses conquered by the Turks, without exception, upon condition that no Turkish garrisons shall ever be placed in them for the future. Thus the affairs of Crimea, are at length settled, and it is imagined the port will no longer present in obstructing the peace on account of her pretensions to that country.

Warsaw, Nov. 28. The Russians seem as if they intended to keep their new acquisitions in Poland; they treat the inhabitants very kindly. The Noble's estates pay no contributions, and the Gentlemen are subject to no capitation tax, provided they prove their nobility and their right to the estate they possess. The citizens pay an annual poll tax of one rouble and a quarter each. The farmers contribute the same taxes they used to pay, and are permitted to sell their corn where they please. There will be a tax on liquors, and those who pay it may brew and distill for themselves. The Ecclesiastics are obliged to give an account of their foundations, and the number of religious in each convent. The nobility and the towns are under the same jurisdiction they were. They have ceased to demand forage and provision, but the neighbouring Polish provinces pay double what they did before.

Warsaw, Dec. 9. It is ascertained, that the Russians are raising a body of 40,000 young men able to bear arms, in the districts they have taken possession of.

Lisbon, Dec. 16. The ships and troops destined for the Brazils are almost ready to sail, and it is hoped may restore tranquillity to those provinces. Several ships lately arrived from thence confirm the news we have had, and add, that the Indians from the interior country, daily arrive in great numbers to support their brethren.

Altona, Dec. 18. Private letters received here assure, that General Van Elmp is actually marching towards Finland with a body of 6500 Russians, viz. 2000 horse and 4500 foot.

Paris, Dec. 26. The rage of suicide still reigns in this city. A few days ago, a man hanged himself on a tree, a woman in her chamber, and a girl being forsaken by her sweetheart, after having in vain taken poison, was found dead at her throat.

Dec. 15. Henry Phillips was tried for the wilful murder of his fellow servant, Jane Grecian, by shooting her thro' the head with a pistol, charged only with powder and a paper wadding.

Dec. 18. The King of Prussia makes no secret of declaring his firm resolution to support the Emperor's pretensions to one part of the Republic, from which we may reasonably conclude that the three powers have agreed to support each other.

Edward Backett, one of the ringleaders in the late riot at Guildhall, was, after a trial of four hours, acquitted.

Dec. 22. Letters from Marseilles mention a riot at a play house there, occasioned first by the Comedians performing in representing a piece highly disagreeable to the public. Some grenadiers were called in to quell the riot, but expressly directed not to fire, in order to prevent any accident: However a person in the pit, who having expected a disturbance, had armed himself with a pistol, as soon as he saw the grenadiers, shot one of them dead, and they were then ordered to fire, which they did, whereby several people were killed and wounded. This affair has thrown the whole town into a consternation.

An establishment is now in agitation, for the Princess Royal of England.

Dec. 24. We hear that this day the following bills received the royal assent by a commission. The bill for better regulating his Majesty's marine forces. The bill to allow the free importation of rice from America. The bill to restrain the East India Company from appointing Supervisors, &c. for a limited time. The Bill for making the river Trent navigable near Newark. And also to some other bills that were ready.

Extract of a letter from France, Dec. 11.

"In consequence of a very respectful and submissive letter which the Prince de Condé and the Duke de Bourbon wrote to the King, those Princes obtained leave to pay their respects to his Majesty last Monday at Versailles. The Count de la Rochefoucauld, who had interceded in their favour, introduced them to the King, and the Dauphin was present at their audience, which lasted about five minutes, when his Majesty gave them a most gracious reception, and afterwards presented them himself to the Countess of Provence; they were likewise presented to the Dauphiness and the rest of the Royal

Family, and the joy of the whole court upon this occasion is not to be expressed. The Marquis de Monteynard, Secretary of State for the war department, had the honour to entertain the same Princes the following day at dinner. In the evening they returned to Paris and stayed at the Palais Royal, and with them the Princes de Condé, the Duke de Chartres, and the Duke de Berry. The rejoicings upon this occasion are beyond imagination.

There is now living in England a person whose name is said to be, Robert Van Olmp Humboldt, and who is said to be a descendant of the famous Humboldt, who was killed at the battle of Marston, in the reign of Henry II.

Extract of a letter from the Prince Gallitzin, the Russian Minister at the Hague, received the 19th instant, from the Russian Resident at Venice, dated Dec. 4.

"I have the honour to send your Excellency the following remarkable news, which the Senate has just received from Corfu. Three of our frigates of war, and two small vessels, were fitted out against the armament of the Basha of Scutari, who had sent to sea 31 armed vessels, 10 of which were taken by the Ragusians, and 14 more were driven into the Gulf of Patrasso, where they took shelter under the cannon of the fort; but our brave Commander, notwithstanding the fire from the forts, entered courageously, and set fire to all the Turkish vessels, not one of which escaped. The Turkish commander, who was on board the Basha of Scutari, made his escape precipitately on shore, and the rest of the crews followed his example, but our people pursued them and killed a great number of the Turks. This affair happened on the 8th of November. Our Commander having received advice that the rest of the Turkish squadron was gone to Lepanto, heered his course thither in order to destroy them likewise."

Extract of a letter from St. David's, Nov. 27.

"As a boat was crossing from Ramfay island to the opposite shore, some men were espied on a rock, called the upper Bishop and his Clerks, next St. David's head; but as they could not be seen to the eastern side about a league from land, the sea being very rough, and the air hazy, they were believed to be only fancy. The next day they were perceived on the rocks in great distress, hoisting a garment as a signal. A person on an eminence hung out a flag to notify their being seen; and notwithstanding the great danger, yet no vessel could go to their assistance till Wednesday the 25th. Some sailors then got to the place, where the surge and fuction were so great, that they were obliged to throw out ropes to save the distressed seamen on board through the ice, whereby some lives were saved. The ship they belonged to, was bound from Stockholm to Dublin, laden with 400 tons, laden with iron and tar, and stuck on the rock the 21st, at five in the evening. Four men, intoxicated with liquor, given them, then almost starved to death, refused to leave, and were drowned in the sight of the surviving crew. The waves beat off the upper part of the ship, the bottom still remains, being kept close by the weight of the iron. The people saved, were brought to this place in the evening, where great care has been taken of them. She was called the Liberator, Peter Stenberg, Captain. Some of them were so weak that they were obliged to be supported in bringing them, being subsided all the time on a little cheese and bread biscuit steeped in sea water, which brought them an insatiable thirst. These rocks formerly had nearly become fatal to the famous Sir Clarendon Shovel, as those of Scilly afterwards were. They are called in charts the Bishop and his Clerks, but the sailors call them the Devil and his twelve Apostles."

It is now known to us, that the effigy of Louis Bonaparte, in the uniform of the 28th regiment, of which he is Colonel, was carried in the black cart which always conveys the criminals to execution, with a rope about his neck, to the Duke of Leinster and Lord Lansdowne's, where the populace gave three huzzas; and from thence they went to Lord Elg's and Lord Annaly's, and afterwards to the Comb, where it was hung upon the gallows amidst some thousands of weavers.

There are letters from France, which say that Madame Bange is disgraced. Various reasons are assigned for this step. The ostensible reason is, it was discovered by the Kings physicians, that she had given some provocatives to his Majesty in sweetmeats. A revolution in the French Ministry is expected as a consequence of this manoeuvre.

We can with the utmost pleasure and truth assure our readers, from undoubted authority, that the East India Company have commenced prosecutions against the oriental defaulters of unaccounted millions, to oblige some of them to disgorge some of their ill gotten pelf, extorted from the miserable natives of Bengall, and with which they are rioting in the height of luxury and dissipation.

Nothing demonstrates, to a greater certainty, the determined resolution of our virtuous ministry to exterminate the poor wretched Caribs in the island of St. Vincent, than the joining to our unregular forces a detachment of 1000 fighting men

North America, the more effectually to accomplish this bloody scene, which is supposed at this moment to be carrying into execution.

A bill for the revision of the acts relative to the game, is now to be presented to Parliament.

Dec. 20. The Philadelphia, Malcom, from Philadelphia, is stranded at Youghall; the cargo will be saved.

Extract of a letter from Warsaw, Dec. 5.

"The Russians at present occupy the town of Dinabourg, the capital of Polish Livonia, which place has already rendered homage to the Empress of Russia. A great magazine is actually forming there. The Polish Nobles who have their estates and residence in the provinces of which Russia has possessed itself, seem so well contented with the mildness of the Russian government; that they are resolved to remain under it. The above-mentioned provinces will begin to pay their capitation tax from the 1st of January next."

Extract of a letter from the Hague, Dec. 12.

"Yesterday the English Ambassador had a conference with the States General relative to the late division of Poland, and the King of Prussia's behaviour with respect to Danzig, in order to concert how England and Holland may act in conjunction on those important objects."

Extract of a letter from Mantua, Dec. 5.

"Accounts from Parma advise, that the couriers which the Infant Duke sent to the Courts of Vienna, and Madrid, to notify to them the resolution he had taken to dismiss the Marquis of Llano from all his employments, are come back. The dispatches sent to Vienna are returned unopened, the Empress Queen would not receive them. The Courts of France and Spain have suspended the payment of all the subsidies which they used to make to that of Parma, which amounted to 24,000 double pistoles in gold. The Marquis de Llano is to wait at Florence for further orders. M. de Flavigny, who was on his way to Parma, in quality of Minister from France, has received orders to suspend his journey."

"The Marquis of Revilla, Minister of Spain, is directed to quit Parma without taking leave; and all those who belong to either of the two Courts of France and Spain to leave the territories of Parma and Placentia, and not to keep up any correspondence with them. The ordinary courier of Spain is not to pass through Parma, in his way to Rome, as heretofore. Notwithstanding all these circumstances the Infant Duke enjoys a perfect tranquillity, and persists in his first resolution. People are forbidden to assemble in crowds in the streets, or to go to public-houses, which are all to be shut up before night."

The following anecdote may be depended on as fact: Since the meeting of Parliament a French gentleman, almost a stranger at Court, happened one morning to be at the levee, when Lady North came in; the gentleman at the same time standing close to Lord North (whom he did not know) with a frankness peculiar to his country, asked his Lordship who she was? "That's Lady North," replied the other: "Upon my soul she's very plain," says the Frenchman; "Pray what sort of a man is her husband?" "Quite a match for her (replied my Lord, with great good temper) for if you'll take public report for it, he's one of the most disagreeable men in all England."

Friday morning died at his house, the corner of Craig's Court, Charing Cross, Mr. George Woodfall, many years printer, stationer, and bookseller there.

Extract of a letter from Constantinople, Nov. 7.

"According to the advices that we have from the camp of the Grand Vizir, three commissaries had lately been dispatched to Bucharest, to act in concert with the Reis Effendi of the campaign carrying forward the great work of peace, and they have already had several conferences with M. Obreskow for that purpose. The Ottoman troops are quitting the camp in very large bodies, in order to celebrate the feasts of Ramazan and Bairam, and enter into winter quarters; and we flatter ourselves that peace will certainly take place this winter."

"Within these few days several merchant ships have entered this port, laden with grain and other provisions from the Dardanelles. Three of the above were English, and eight French ships."

Dec. 31. Saturday the 10th instant came on to be tried before the Sheriff of Middlesex and a special Jury, at Guildhall, Westminster, a cause (almost similar to that brought by John Wilkes, Esq; against the late Earl of Halifax) wherein William Rugge, Esq; one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said county, was plaintiff; and a gentleman of Shemeld, and an attorney were the defendants, for entering the plaintiff's house in his absence, and for rummaging, ransacking, and carrying away a large quantity of the plaintiff's title deeds and papers, under a pretence that the defendant had a right so to do by virtue of a will made by the plaintiff's late wife. Notwithstanding there was no great special damage proved, yet the Jury, on the gross nature of the trespass, gave a verdict in favour of the plaintiff of 200l. damages and costs of suit.

